The Tafsīr of Sūrat Al-Kawthar (Chapter - 108)

Which was revealed in Al-Madīnah and They also say in Makkah

In the Name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

- 41. Verily, We have granted you Al-Kawthar.
- 42. Therefore turn in prayer to your Lord and sacrifice.
- 43. For he who hates you, he will be cut off.

Muslim, Abu Dāwud and An-Nasā'ī, all recorded from Anas^[1] that he said, "While we were with the Messenger of Allāh ﷺ in the Masjid, he dozed off into a slumber. Then he lifted his head smiling. We said, 'O Messenger of Allāh! What has caused you to laugh?' He said,

«Verily, a Sūrah was just revealed to me.»

Then he recited,

♦Verily, We have granted you Al-Kawthar. Therefore turn in prayer to your Lord and sacrifice. For he who hates you, he will be cut off.**>**

Then he said,

Do you all know what is Al-Kawthar?

^[1] Muslim 1:300, Abu Dāwud 5:110, and An-Nasā'ī in *Al-Kubrā* 6:533.

We said, 'Allāh and His Messenger know best.' He said,

• فَإِنَّهُ نَهَرٌ وَعَدَنِيهِ رَبِّي عَزَّ وَجَلَّ، عَلَيْهِ خَيْرٌ كَثِيرٌ، هُوَ حَوْضٌ تَرِدُ عَلَيْهِ أُمَّتِي يَوْمَ الْقِبَامَةِ، آتِيتُهُ عَدَدُ النُّجُومِ فِي السَّمَاءِ، فَيُخْتَلَجُ الْعَبْدُ مِنْهُمْ فَأَقُولُ: رَبِّ إِنَّهُ مِنْ أُمْتِي، فَيَقُولُ: إِنَّكَ لَا تَدْرِي مَا أَحْدَثَ بَعْدَكَ»

"Verily, it is a river that my Lord, the Mighty and Majestic, has promised me and it has abundant goodness. It is a pond where my Ummah will be brought to on the Day of Judgement. Its containers are as numerous as the stars in the sky. Then a servant of Allāh from among them will be (prevented from it) and I will say: "O Lord! Verily, he is from my Ummah (followers)." Then He (Allāh) will say: "Verily, you do not know what he introduced (or innovated) after you." "[1]

This is the wording of Muslim.

Aḥmad recorded this Ḥadīth from Muḥammad bin Fuḍayl, who reported from Al-Mukhtār bin Fulful, who reported it from Anas bin Mālik.^[2]

Imām Aḥmad also recorded from Anas that the Messenger of Allāh ﷺ said,

al entered Paradise and I came to a river whose banks had tents made of pearls. So I thrust my hand into its flowing water and found that it was the strongest (smell) of musk. So I asked, "O Jibrīl! What is this?" He replied, "This is Al-Kawthar which Allāh, the Mighty and Majestic has given you." [3]

Al-Bukhāri recorded this in his Ṣaḥūḥ, and so did Muslim, on the authority of Anas bin Mālik. In their version Anas said, "When the Prophet ﷺ was taken up to the heaven, he said,

«أَتَيْتُ عَلَى نَهْرِ حَافَتَاهُ قِبَابُ اللَّؤُلُوِ الْمُجَوَّفِ فَقُلْتُ: مَا هَذَا يَا جِبْرِيلُ؟ قَالَ: هَذَا

^[1] Muslim 1:300.

^[2] Ahmad 3:102.

^[3] Aḥmad 3:103.

الْكُوٰثُرُه

"I came to a river whose banks had domes of hollowed pearl. I said: "O Jibrīl! What is this?" He replied: "This is Al-Kawthar." This is the wording of Al-Bukhāri.

Aḥmad recorded from Anas that a man said, "O Messenger of Allāh! What is Al-Kawthar?" He replied,

"It is a river in Paradise which my Lord has given me. It is whiter than milk and sweeter than honey. There are birds in it whose necks are (long) like carrots."

Umar said, "O Messenger of Allah! Verily, they (the birds) will be beautiful." The Prophet # replied,

The one who eats them (i.e., the people of Paradise) will be more beautiful than them, O 'Umar. [2]

Al-Bukhāri recorded from Saīd bin Jubayr that Ibn 'Abbās said about Al-Kawthar, "It is the good which Allāh gave to him (the Prophet)." Abu Bishr said, "I said to Saīd bin Jubayr, Verily, people are claiming that it is a river in Paradise.'" Saīd replied, 'The river which is in Paradise is part of the goodness which Allāh gave him.' "[3]

Al-Bukhāri also recorded from Sa'īd bin Jubayr that Ibn 'Abbās said, "Al-Kawthar is the abundant goodness." This explanation includes the river and other things as well. Because the word Al-Kawthar comes from the word Kathrah (abundance) and it (Al-Kawthar) linguistically means an abundance of goodness. So from this goodness is the river (in Paradise).

Imām Ahmad recorded from Ibn Umar that the Messenger of Allāh $\overset{*}{lpha}$ said,

^[1] Al-Bukhāri no. 4946.

^[2] Ahmad 3:220.

^[3] Fath Al-Bāri 8:603.

^[4] At-Tabari 24:647.

«الْكَوْثُرُ نَهْرٌ فِي الْجَنَّةِ حَافَتَاهُ مِنْ ذَهَبٍ، وَالْمَاءُ يَجْرِي عَلَى اللَّوْلُوْ، وَمَاؤُهُ أَشَدُّ
بَيَاضًا مِنَ اللَّبَن، وَأَخْلَى مِنَ الْعَسَل،

^{α}Al-Kawthar is a river in Paradise whose banks are of gold and it runs over pearls. Its water is whiter than milk and sweeter than honey. $\mathfrak{p}^{[1]}$

This Ḥadūth was recorded in this manner by At-Tirmidhi, Ibn Mājah, Ibn Abi Ḥātim and Ibn Jarīr. At-Tirmidhi said, "Ḥasan Ṣaḥūḥ." [2]

Then Allāh says,

﴿ فَصَلِّ لِرَبِّكَ وَأَنْحَدُ ١

€Therefore turn in prayer to your Lord and sacrifice.

meaning, 'just as We have given you the abundant goodness in this life and the Hereafter – and from that is the river that has been described previously – then make your obligatory and optional prayer, and your sacrifice (of animals) solely and sincerely for your Lord. Woship Him alone and do not associate any partner with him. And sacrifice pronouncing His Name alone, without ascribing any partner to Him.' This is as Allāh says,

Say: "Verily, my Salāh, my sacrifice, my living, and my dying are for Allāh, the Lord of all that exists. He has no partner. And of this I have been commanded, and I am the first of the Muslims." (6:162-163)

Ibn 'Abbās, 'Aṭā,' Mujāhid, Tkrimah and Al-Ḥasan all said, "This means with this the *Budn* should be sacrificed." Qatādah, Muḥammad bin Ka'b Al-Qurazi, Aḍ-Ḍaḥḥāk, Ar-Rabī', 'Aṭā' Al-Khurāsāni, Al-Ḥakam, Ismā'll bin Abi Khālid and others from the Salaf have all said the same. ^[4] This is the

^[1] Aḥmad 2:67. See Al-Bukhāri 4965.

^[2] Tuhfat Al-Ahwadhi 9:294, Ibn Mājah 2:1450, and Aṭ-Ṭabari 24:650.

^[3] At-Tabari 24:653.

^[4] At-Tabari 24:654.

opposite of the way of the idolators, prostrating to other than Allāh and sacrificing in other than His Name. Allāh says,

♦And do not eat from what Allāh's Name has not been pronounced over, indeed that is Fisq. ♦ (6:121)

The Enemy of the Prophet **a** is Cut Off Allāh says,

For he who hates you, he will be cut off. meaning, 'indeed he who hates you, O Muḥammad, and he hates what you have come with of guidance, truth, clear proof and manifest light, he is the most cut off, meanest, lowliest person who will not be remembered.'

Ibn 'Abbās, Mujāhid, Sa'īd bin Jubayr and Qatādah all said, "This Āyah was revealed about Al-'Āṣ bin Wā'il. [1] Whenever the Messenger of Allāh would be mentioned (in his presence) he would say, 'Leave him, for indeed he is a man who is cut off having no descendants. So when he dies he will not be remembered.' Therefore, Allāh revealed this Sūrah." Shamir bin 'Aṭiyah said, "This Sūrah was revealed concerning 'Uqbah bin Abi Mu'ayṭ." [3]

Ibn 'Abbās and Ikrimah have both said, "This *Sūrah* was revealed about Ka'b bin Al-Ashraf and a group of the disbelievers of the Quraysh." ^[4]

Al-Bazzār recorded that Ibn 'Abbās said, "Ka'b bin Al-Ashraf came to Makkah and the Quraysh said to him, You are the leader of them (the people). What do you think about this worthless man who is cut off from his people? He claims that he is better than us while we are the people of the place of pilgrimage, the people of custodianship (of the Ka'bah), and the people who supply water to the pilgrims.' He replied, You

^[1] At-Tabari 24:656, and 657.

^[2] Ibn Hishām 2:7.

^[3] At-Tabari 24:657.

^[4] Aţ-Ţabari 24:657.

all are better than him.' So Allah revealed,

For he who hates you, he will be cut off.>"

This is how Al-Bazzār recorded this incident and its chain of narration is authentic.^[1]

It has been reported that 'Aṭā' said, "This Sūrah was revealed about Abu Lahab when a son of the Messenger of Allāh 鐵 died. Abu Lahab went to the idolators and said, 'Muḥammad has been cut off (i.e., from progeny) tonight.' So concerning this Allāh revealed,

(For he who hates you, he will be cut off.) As-Suddi said, "When the male sons of a man died the people used to say, 'He has been cut off.' So, when the sons of the Messenger of Allāh 绘died they said, 'Muḥammad has been cut off.' Thus, Allāh revealed,

For he who hates you, he will be cut off.>"

So they thought in their ignorance that if his sons died, his remembrance would be cut off. Allāh forbid! To the contrary, Allāh preserved his remembrance for all the world to see, and He obligated all the servants to follow his Law. This will continue for all of time until the Day of Gathering and the coming of the Hereafter. May the blessings of Allāh and His peace be upon him forever until the Day of Assembling.

This is the end of the Tafsīr of Sūrat Al-Kawthar, and all praise and blessings are due to Allāh.

^[1] Kashf Al-Astār 3:83.